

At \$2.00, if paid in advance,
Or \$2.50, if not paid in the year.

{Advertisement} \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks.
25 " for each cont.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS!—Washington.

VOL. LVIII.

NO. 20.

STATEMENT OF THE
BANK OF GETTYSBURG,

As required by the 2d section of the Act
of the General Assembly of this Com-
monwealth, approved the 13th day of Oct.,
A. D. 1857.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts,	\$312,982.88
Stock of the Commonwealth,	24,189.70
Specie,	50,359.95
Due by City Banks,	99,087.93
" County Banks,	10,770.04
Notes of other Banks,	5,395.92
	115,820.99
Stocks,	965.71
Judgments,	23,324.71
Bonds,	7,593.63
Real Estate,	5,325.00
	510,565.60
LIABILITIES.	
Circulation,	257,820.00
Deposits,	21,260.41
Due to other Banks,	6,181.45
	287,261.86

I. T. D. CARSON, Cashier of the Bank of Gettysburg, being affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I. T. D. CARSON, Cashier.
Affirmed before me, this 5th day of March,
A. D. 1858. GEO. ARNOLD, J. P.
March 8. 3t

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—David M. Creary.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy,

Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS:

George Swope, S. Farnsworth,

D. A. Buehler, Wm. B. Wilson,

R. M. Curdy, H. A. Pickering,

Jacob King, Wm. B. McClellan,

A. Heintzelman, John W. Ford,

D. M. Creary, R. G. McCreary,

J. J. Kerr, John Horner,

M. Buehler, E. W. Stahle,

S. R. Russell, J. A. Goughburgh,

A. B. Kurtz, Abiel F. Pitt.

Andrew Polley,

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, without any assessment, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 P.M.

Sept. 21.

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Of Adams County.

THIS Institution receives deposits for which it pays interest as follows:—

For over 10 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 3 and not over 10 months, 3 percent. per annum.

For transient deposits not less than 30 days 2 percent per annum, payable on demand without notice.

A joint fund (Capital) of \$10,000 has been paid in.

For loans apply on Wednesday.

Sums received on deposit as low as a dime

Interest to be allowed whenever the deposits amount to \$1.00, and on each additional \$1.00 and upwards.

Office in South West corner of Public Square, next to George Arnold's store. Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. and every Saturday for receiving deposits, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

President,

GEORGE THIRONE.

Treasurer and Secretary,

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Directors,

John Brugh, John Horner,

Samuel Durbow, George Arnold,

A. Heintzelman, Jacob M. Selman,

David M. Creary, D. McCaughey,

William Culn, John Mickley,

Robert Horner, John Throne,

April 6.

TIN-WARE, of every description, on hand

and for sale at GEO. E. BUEHLER'S,

in Chambersburg street.

STOVE PIPE, of all sizes, made to order at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg street.

HOUSE SPOUTING and TIN ROOFING

promptly attended to by GEORGE E.

BUEHLER.

TIN MILK-PANS, of all sizes, on hand or

made to order, at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg street.

PERSONS commencing Housekeeping will

find it to their advantage to purchase

TIN-WARE at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg street.

THE COUNTY MAP

Will be delivered to the subscribers in

Conway, Union, Germany and Mountjoy,

in a few days.

Those persons wishing for Maps, who

have not subscribed, must give me notice

immediately, as the last edition must be

printed very soon. M. S. CONVERSE

COBEAN & PAXTON have all the latest

style of Plush, Fur, and Cloth CAPS.

A hiss avails more than a kick.

Theatre Pictures.

HOME.

Home!—How the spirit burns!—
Linger over those delicious scenes,
Each bright thought of earth it symphonies,
Still to home it fondly leans;

To those bright, bold scenes,
Where in childhood's glow I roved,

To those dear and happy scenes,
That my childhood's bloom loved!

Home!—The music spell has found me,

Dreams of happier days arise,

Long past joys start up around me—

Home, art friends, and kindred ties,

There the spot so sweet and lonely,

Where, in evening's darkling cell,

To that land, that bright one only,

Spoke I love's first faltering tale.

Love's bright path—how sweet to leave it,

Wandering on life's rock-bound coast,

Time nor care cannot efface it;

Though the soul be tempest-tost:

Once the heart's pure love is plighted,

Can the heart be broken?—never!

Change may come, and hopes be brightened,

But that love will live for ever!

Can the sweet tie be given?

Thus the heart's true bond is given?

Round that heart its spells to bind?

No; that free heart's own devotion

Deeps words from due to day,

Like the angry waves of ocean

Boiling on their foaming way.

When thy dream-like glory o'er me

Comes like fire from heavenly climes,

Peace and joy dance on before me,

And the bliss of happier times;

Hope still flings its mantle round me,

When my heart is torn with care,

These dear charms in youth which bound me

Still return and entice me.

Memory!—How the poetic fingers

Over the heart!—the sweet sounds hidden

From the lute by gentle fingers,

That had unheeded and hidden?

Not a trace of art or glory

But the magic stirs it up—

Then dost still revise the story

Of life's sweet or bitter cup.

Home!—it's charm is round me dinging

Back the joys of other days,

Power are out, and Nature are shewing

Sweet and glad-some songs of praise;

All its charms my soul and gladness,

These dear charms how serve toadden,

oh, my own—my long-lost Home!

—

Miscellaneous.

Speaking Well of Others.

The following article inculcates much

good advice in a small space:

If the disposition to speak well of others were universally prevalent, the world would become a comparative paradise. The opposite disposition is the Pandorum-box, which, when opened, fills every neighborhood with pain and sorrow. How many enmities and heart-burnings flow from this source! How much happiness is interrupted and destroyed!

Envy, jealousy, and the malignant

spirit of evil, when they find vent by the lips, go forth on their mission like foul

feuds, to blast the reputation and peace of others. Every one has his imperfections, and in the conduct of the best there will be occasional faults, which might seem to justify animadversion. It is a rule, however, when there is occasion for fault-finding, to do it privately to the erring one. This will prove salutary. It is a proof of interest in the individual, which will generally be taken kindly, if the manner of doing it is not offensive. The common and unchristian rule, on the contrary, is to proclaim the failings of others to all but themselves. This is unchristian, and shows a despised

heart."

Triumph of Mind Over Matter.

Dr. Elder, in his interesting biography

of Dr. King, relates that he once asked him

after his return from his last Arctic

expedition, "for the best proved instance

that he knew of the soul's power over the

body—in instances that might push the

hard-baked philosophy of materialism to the

consciousness of its own idiocy." He

paused a moment, and then said with a

spring, "The soul can lift the body out of

its bed, sir." When our captain was dy-

ing—I say dying, I have seen many

dear ones die in a running ulcer. If conscience

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

From the *Cincinnati Enquirer*.

Thrilling Scene.

Mr. Thomas Kingston, who for several years has followed the business of putting up lightning rods, which, of course, requires steady nerves and a firm brain, met with an accident recently, by which, but for the most singular presence of mind, or rather supernatural instinct, he would have fallen from a dizzy height, and been dashed to pieces. He is compelled to climb roofs, over chimneys, and up spires, and fix a rod, with perfect coolness and precision, hundreds of feet above the level of the earth.

On the occasion to which we refer, Mr. K. had ascended St. Paul's Cathedral, whose spire is about two hundred and thirty-five feet high, near the head of Broad-way, and gone to the very top, where, having left his ladder below, he clung by his arms and legs, fastened the last foot of the rod and attached its point—quite a heavy piece of metal—securely, as he supposed, to the cross surmounting the steeple. He had just completed this difficult and dangerous task, watched by a number of persons in the street below, and while looking at the work and experiencing that satisfaction which results from hazard passed and labor accomplished, of a sudden something heavy struck him and made his brain reel until he could hardly see. Instead of losing his hold at once, as would seem to have been the natural and inevitable result, he clung with a power beyond himself and a will superior to his own, closer and instinctively to the spire. He knew not what had occurred, and to his confused senses it appeared that the steeple was tumbling; or that some strange cause was about to bring the vast structure to the ground.

Some forty seconds—an age to him—must have elapsed before he sufficiently collected his scattered thoughts and ventured consciousness to know that the entire upper part of the rod had fallen upon his head, causing the blood to trickle over his forehead, and nearly blind him. He was in a dreadful perplexity, and most dangerous position. He feared, if he moved he would go cleaving the air to a terrible death upon the stony street below—and at the same time he knew he could not, in the disordered state of his nerves, and his increasing weakness, retain his grasp, more than the result of fate than of feeling, much longer. If he stirred he might fall; if he remained he certainly would; and determined to make at least an effort for his life, he put one foot very cautiously, then his arm, and then moved the other foot; and after half a minute of exertion, and the greatest danger, he tawed the topmost round of the ladder, and in a few seconds more was inside of the steeple and safe.

Then it was Mr. K.'s great courage and strength forced him; his nerves and muscles relaxed; he grew sick unto death; his knees gave way; his vision swam, and he sank upon the platform motionless and insensible. He must have lain there half an hour before he could rise and walk, and he did not recover from the shock for more than a fortnight afterwards.

The people who gazed up at him from the street despaired the same as painful and exciting in the extreme. When they observed the rod fall, a thrill of horror ran through their hearts, and two women swooned away, for they expected to behold him the next moment dashed to pieces at their feet. Dusty had ordered otherwise, and Mr. K. still pursues his dangerous avocation; but he says if he were to live a thousand years he never would forget the intense horror of those century-like moments when he seemed to hang upon the air more than two hundred feet above the earth, and to be momentarily descending to a dreadful death.

Distressing Casualty in Boston.

A Young Lady Burned to Death.—It has been briefly mentioned that a terrible accident occurred on Saturday afternoon, at the residence of George M. Barnard, Esq., on Beacon street, Boston, by which his only daughter, Miss Sarah Barnard, lost her life. The Boston Gazette, of Saturday, gives the following particulars of the sad affair:

Miss Barnard and her grandmother were the only members of the family that were at home, Mr. Barnard being absent, and his wife at the Music Hall, where she was waiting to be joined by her daughter, by agreement. The grandmother, a short time previous to the calamity, had left Miss Barnard sitting by a candle light reading, in the back drawing room, and had gone into another room to sit, when she was attracted by the screams of her granddaughter, and rushing in, found her standing on the floor with her dress in flames. Her outer dress was of woolen, and the fire had taken hold of the linen composing her under garments. The old lady endeavored to smother the flames with a rug which she threw around her, but, being very much alarmed, Miss Barnard broke from her and ran down the staircase to the kitchen, which was immediately below. The draught of air quickened the flames, and on opening the kitchen door she was entirely enveloped in them. She merely uttered a word, and fell upon the floor. The servants rushed from the house screaming for help. The first who reached the spot was the groom of R. G. Barnard, Esq., who found her upon the floor, and her clothes still burning. Dr. R. W. Hooper, who resided next door but one, was immediately sent for, but his aid was unavailing, she having probably inhaled the flames, and died where she fell. She was a beautiful and accomplished young lady, and had just completed her twenty-first year. She had a large circle of friends and admirers, and a gloom was cast upon the fair this evening in consequence of the calamity, hundreds of the present having been acquainted with her, who were anticipating her presence at the close. At the time of the catastrophe she was awaiting the company of a young man to escort her to the fair, who arrived five minutes after her death.

Mr. Sherer, of Washington county, who was injured some time since by an accident on the Pennsylvania Railroad, received \$3000 as a consideration. The case did not go to trial—the sum agreed upon being a compromise.

New York, March 15.—The steamer Star of the West from California has arrived with 200 passengers and \$1,200,000.

Failures at York, Pa.

The financial panic which a few months ago so seriously affected the principal commercial cities seems to have exercised a depressing influence among some of the enterprising and deserving business men of York, Pa., as will be seen by the following from the York Press, of Tuesday last:

The failure of Alexander Denoth, which we announced two weeks ago, has probably caused more distress, in a pecuniary point of view, than has been experienced among us for at least half a century. Major George Hay, Dr. Thomas Stephens and Mr. George Smyser, of Manchester township, are security for Mr. Denoth for large sums of money, and, it is said, are the heaviest sufferers. Major Hay and Mr. Mr. Smyser have become so much involved by this means that the property of the former gentleman has already been passed through the hands of the sheriff, and the latter, who was a wealthy man, has appointed assignees for the benefit of his creditors. Many other persons, some of whom are in moderate circumstances, who have loaned Mr. Denoth money in various sums, will also suffer to the extent of their loans.

This crash, epidemic like, was followed by the failure of William Goodridge, dealer in jewelry, confectionery, &c., in Centre square, where he has carried on business for many years.

On Thursday last another excitement was produced by the announcement that the hardware and forwarding establishment of Blantz, Fricke & Co., had also been closed and all business suspended. This firm have always stood high in the estimation of the people as judicious, reliable and industrious men, and great sympathy is manifested for them by the entire community in their misfortunes. We understand that assignees have been appointed to make a final settlement of their affairs, and it is hoped that some arrangements will be made so that they may be allowed to open and go on with their business again.

Before the excitement produced by the above announcement had subsided, it was ascertained that the dry goods store of Mr. William F. Smith had also been closed, and the sheriff had taken possession of the goods. We have not learned what the amount of his liabilities are.

The "Press" also contradicts rumors which are said to be in circulation prejudicial to the banks in York, in consequence of the above failures. The Gazette, too, remarks that the banks are reured on their claims by good endowers, and will meet with every trifling if any losses by these failures.

Desperate Outrage in the Alton (Ill.) Penitentiary.

New Hay to Procure a Pardon.—The St. Louis papers give an account of an extraordinary outrage in the Illinois penitentiary, by a convict named Hall. While the turnkey, a man named Crabbe, was conducting this convict to his cell, the latter knocked Crabbe down, dragged him into the cell with him, locked the door after them, and then standing over him with a dark told Buckmaster, the warden, and other officers who came to see what the matter was, that unless they immediately procured a pardon for him from the Governor, he would kill the poor turnkey. A deputation was, in consequence, sent to the Governor to procure a pardon, and that functionary had agreed to give it. In the meantime, however, Mr. Rutherford, the State superintendent, and Cal. Buckmaster, the warden, waited, to get into the cell of the prisoner by stratagem. Breakfast was set at the cell door in vessels of larger size than ordinary, but the convict refused to open the door, until the hall was cleared, which, after a brief consultation, was done. The warden, superintendent and guards were on each side of the cell, but out of sight and motionless. The convict slowly opened the door, merely enough to admit the food, when a crew lay was instantly inserted. The warden cried out to Crabbe, the impeded guard, to fight for his life. He accordingly sprang to the opening of the door, and at length dragged himself through, but not before he was struck by the convict nine times, seven times in the back and twice on the arms. When the poor victim was dragged out the convict barred the door again and refused to yield. He was then given a few minutes for reflection, and the rebel was, after much dodging and effort to get out of the reach of the fire, shot by the warden. The ball struck his skull just below the left ear, and glanced around lodged under the skull. He fell instantly and was dragged out of the cell, and was thought to be dead, but soon recovered and talked as sensible as any man could under the circumstances. After the convict was taken out of his cell, his knife, about eight inches long, with a double edge, was found in the cell, and on his person was found also another larger knife, with a blade four inches long. Crabbe, the wounded guard, is thought to be mortally injured.

The latest news from the Alton affair is as follows. The Alton Courier, of Wednesday, says:

Up to a late hour last night, Mr. Crabbe, the guard, showed a considerable improvement in his condition. His pulse was firm and steady, and his general symptoms much improved. He felt quite comfortable, and suffered but little pain.

The convict Hall lies in about the same condition as he appeared in shortly after being shot. There is little expectation of his recovery.

A Challenge.

The New Orleans Crescent says that Mr. Paul Murphy, President of the New Orleans Chess Club, and the king of the American chess players, has sent a challenge, through a committee of the club, to Mr. Howard Stanley, chess editor of the London Illustrated News, and acknowledged king of the European chess players, to visit New Orleans, and engage in a tilt with him for a wager of \$5000 a side; the winner of the first eleven games to be the victor; the limit of time to each move, thirty minutes; Mr. Stanley to have the right, if he wishes, to sit twice a day, four hours at each sitting; and should he lose, to be allowed \$1000 to cover his expenses in coming to New Orleans and returning to London. The challenge has been duly forwarded, with the above and other liberal propositions distinctly stated in it.

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Railroad Accident.

On Wednesday night Henderson Doherty, a citizen of Columbia, conductor on a freight train on the Penna. Railroad, was killed on the road in West Philadelphia. He was walking by the cars, and to avoid a train stopped, as he thought, from the track, instead of which he crossed to that on which the train was approaching, and was knocked down; the cars passing over both his legs, cutting them off. He was taken to the Hospital and died shortly afterwards. His remains were taken to Columbia in the Emigrant train on Thursday night.

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A Fiend.

A few days since a man, a short distance from Troy, was taking a ride in a sleigh. His horse stepped into a hole in such a manner as to break his leg, when the owner coolly got out of the sleigh, cut off the leg where it was broken, threw it into the gutter, and drove him home upon three legs, the remainder of the distance, some two miles. He then sued the town for damages to his horse. We think the town should turn about and send him to the Penitentiary for excessive cruelty.

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THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Female Sausion.

Great Excitement at Cuyahoga Falls.—A correspondent writes us that the citizens of Cuyahoga Falls were last Saturday surprised by the sudden appearance in the street of some forty "female women," armed with axes, hatchets, hammers, &c. The curiously armed and equipped females immediately proceeded to the saloon over the post-office—the doors of which were barred against them. They demanded admission and whatever of the ardent the premises contained. Both requests were denied. But as "Hell hath no fury like a woman (s) corner'd," they soon shopped the doors down and made a complete wreck of the establishment. They then marched to the other saloon and soon mangled several barrels of "Lewy's best" with the waters of the dark rolling Cuyahoga. At the hotel the amazons met with a rather warm reception—a plentiful sprinkling of hot and cold water, keeping them at bay for some time. However, they effected an entrance, but spared the landlord's ale on his promising to sell no more.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

Disgusting Fight between Two Human Brutes.

Two vile wretches, named Patrick Madocks and Michael Fiske, met by agreement in Mill-creek Valley, on Sunday afternoon, and participated in what is known as a "rough-and-tumble" fight. No two bulldogs ever fought more savagely or brutally.—Fiske bit one of Madocks's fingers to the bone, when the latter snapped off a portion of his adversary's ear, and inserting his teeth in his nose, arms and cheeks, chewed his flesh as a ravenous jackal would a corpse, and had nearly gouged one of his eyes, when Fiske saw down bleeding, mangled and insensible, at the feet of Madocks, who was then proclaimed victor by his friends. Some four hundred brutes were on the ground and admired the fight hugely, and were greatly excited during its progress.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

A Burdick's Flat.

We have already alluded to the thousand dollar wager made by John Travis, that he will shoot three oranges from the head and bands of a boy—distance thirty feet—weapon, a pistol. When we reflect that the tremor or movement of a muscle may suffice to cause a premature discharge, and that the deviation of the fraction of an inch to the precision might terminate fatally to the lad, the feat appears as wonderful as it is certainly novel. Travis formerly resided in Saratoga. The feat comes off at Louisville, in June. The oranges are each to be two and a quarter inches in diameter; one is placed on the top of his head, and one on the back of each hand, the arms being extended. In this position, at the distance of ten paces, or thirty feet, facing the shower, and with no intervening object, Captain John Travis proposes to hit the orange, and has only three shots to hit three oranges.

The boy who is to support the oranges is ten years of age, and a bright and sprightly lad. He has every confidence in the ability of Capt. Travis to hit each object, and has equally as much in his own nerve which cannot be surpassed. He is now under daily training. The boy's feet are placed twelve inches apart and his hands upon his hips. The Captain shoots through the angle made by the bending of the arms and between the feet. This is done to accoustom the boy to the firing, and if possible, give him more confidence and make him feel at ease. The little fellow is a native of Louisville, and his mother is always present during the practice. She is entirely satisfied that it will result in safety to her son. This is probably the most dangerous feat ever undertaken by any man in this country.—*Lithuanian Knickerbocker*, March 10.

Bursting of a Grindstone.—On Friday afternoon, about two o'clock, John Birch, an Englishman, about 45 years of age, was instantly killed by the bursting or breaking of a large grind-stone, in the establishment of Messrs. Brown & Tetley, Wood street. He was engaged in grinding files at the time of the accident. Although warned not to do so, Birch put on an extra pulley in order to increase the velocity of the stone, which is driven by steam. The stone was a very large one, and the increased speed, as it is stated, caused it to burst into four pieces. Birch was thrown from his seat, his forehead cut open, his nose split, and one of his eyes knocked out.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

A Good Boy.—A lad named O'Brien, who obtains a livelihood by peddling apples on the Elysian fields, found a few days since, a package of bank notes which had been lost in the cars by a Mr. Bishop, who had brought the money from Cleveland for Mr. Mussey, of Elysia. The lad was so elated at his good fortune that he took the money to bed with him and sat up all night watching it. Next day it was given to Mr. Mussey, when the lad was rewarded with a suit of clothes and 160 acres of land. We understand that Mr. Mussey also offered to give the boy a thorough business education, but the father declined for the present, as he did not wish to part with him.

Henry Verdict for Damages.

The Brooklyn Star, of Saturday, says: Miss Cardiff obtained a verdict of \$800 damages, in the City Court, yesterday, against Philip S. Farquhar, under the following circumstances: Defendant keeps a leather store in New York. The plaintiff is a shoemaker, and was in the habit of coming to the store for scraps of leather. One day in August last he came in as usual and rested his hand upon what he supposed to be the court. A leather-cutting machine having been introduced into the counter, of which he was not aware, and the knife being set in motion, two of his fingers were cut off. For these injuries he sued for \$2000 damages. The jury brought in a verdict of \$800 damages for plaintiff.

Sensible Inquiry.

The unfortunate Turk, who is at present in the claws of a Committee of Council members, is said to have inquired of the interpreter: "What makes these men spit so eternally?" In Turkey, and, indeed in Europe generally no man spits in the presence of another, excepting in the public street and with his head averted.—*New York Sun.*

An Unweariable Distinction.

It is stated, on what appears to be no doubt authority, that the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, contains more gregeries than any other city in the United States, except New York.

Further from Utah.

Mormon Memorial.—We have received, by way of California, files of the *Deseret News* to the 17th of January inclusive, not later, however, as already received direct. It is reported that Brigham Young has been investigating the Oregon Indians to rich. He has offered to pay them a certain sum per head for every horse or mule they may capture and bring to him. A regular express is continually running between Salt Lake City and Oregon territory.

The San Diego Herald gives currency to a report that the Mormons had actually commenced moving towards Northern Mexico.

The tone of the Mormon sermons delivered in the Tabernacle is nearly the same as before, except that Brigham Young seems to lose less violent language. The other preachers continue to preach against the United States just as they did four months ago.

The Extra News, of the 7th of January, contains a copy of a memorial addressed by the Territorial Legislature of Utah to the Congress of the United States. This document recites the alleged wrongs of the Saints, and calls upon the President to restore to the Mormons their lost property in Missouri, and punish the murderers of the prophet Joseph Smith and the assassins of Parley P. Pratt. They say, if the government will re-take their constitutional rights, withdraw their invading army, and permit them to make their own official appointments, all will be right; but intimate that unless this be done trouble will come of it.

From New Mexico—Supplies for the Army—the Indians, &c.

St. Louis, March 16.—The New Mexican mail of the 15th ult., has arrived.

Capt. Marey will leave about the 1st March for Camp Scott, taking flour, salt, corn and animals. As he will also take with him a number of wagons, he intends to return via Bent's, taking a more circuitous northerly route than previously travelled. He is reported to have said that supplies can be furnished to Camp Scott much easier and quicker from New Mexico than elsewhere.

The Legislature of New Mexico passed resolutions complimentary to the officers of the army, and recommending several promotions in the event of an increase of the army.

The Santa Fe Gazette says that the chief of the Salt Lake and Utah Indians had visited the Diepreta Indians in Mexico, with a view to induce them to join the Mormons, stating that the Mormons could poison the air, so that their enemies would die, and that all the troops of the government would be destroyed. The mission was unnecessary.

A Whoreford Robbery.—Some time during Friday night some person or persons unknown entered the house of Thomas Miller Esq., late postmaster of Columbus, Ohio, and after administering chloroform to the entire family, six in number, they proceeded to search the house and remove all valuables that could be found. Eight thousand dollars' worth of draft were abstracted from Mr. M.'s desk, his pocket-book containing money and notes, his gold watch and chain, and considerable jewelry, &c. The family knew nothing of the outrage until next morning. When Mr. M. awoke he discovered a peculiar smell in his room, and upon sitting up in bed found upon his pillow the stains of chloroform.

A Fighting Clergyman—Met Their Match.—The Wisconsin Pioneer mentions a little affair that came off in Plover. There having been a revival there, and some young blonds having fancied themselves inspired by the preacher, they procured a black snake whip, proceeded to the reverend gentleman's promises, called him out and undertook to square accounts by the application of the snake to his reverend's back. With quick perception, and a good share of bodily as well as mental vigor, the gentleman parried off the blow, retreated to the house, armed himself with a good club-lab, and being reinforced by a couple of reverend friends, one with a gun and the other with a pitchfork, compelled the assailants to return without effecting the settlement in the manner they had proposed.

How to Promote Health.—American mothers are doomed to early graves, in consequence of their sedentary indoor employment. Every consideration of affection, duty, and the preservation of a healthy posterity, should prompt the heads of families, and others, to assist in averting results so disastrous to the well-being of society at large. Thousands of house-wives have recently found ample leisure for healthy outdoor exercise, by purchasing and using one of GROVER & BAKER'S Family Sewing Machines, by which they have been enabled to do all their sewing in a stranger and more beautiful style than they could have done by hand. The transition from the slavery of the needle to the joyous exercise of the largest liberty, has had the happiest effect upon the health and tempers of the fair possessors of the GROVER & BAKER machine, and every woman who is greatly familiar with their value, regards them with great favor, as the only Missionary Agent that is at all likely to emancipate the sisterhood from the slavery of the needle.

A Town Purchased by one Man.—The village of Lewisville, Monongahela county, Virginia, was purchased a few days since by Jonathan McKeek. The purchase included a very valuable mill property, store house and several dwellings, together with a well improved farm of about seventy-five acres. The sum paid was \$10,000 cash.

A Handsome Gift.—It is mentioned in the English papers that Queen Victoria bore personally all the expenses of her daughter's wedding, and presented to the young couple intact the £40,000 voted by Parliament for the expenses.

Singular Accident.—In Columbus, Ga., on the 27th ult., a little girl, by the name of LOUISA GRAIN, wife of the Rev. Mr. Grahn, (late of the Seminary,) and daughter of Wm. Gillespie, Esq., of this place. She leaves an infant one week old. Her remains were brought here, and interred yesterday in Ever Green Cemetery.

Died.—At Manayunk near Philadelphia, on Friday morning last, very suddenly, Mrs. LOUISA GRAIN, wife of the Rev. Mr. Grahn, (late of the Seminary,) and daughter of Wm. Gillespie, Esq., of this place. She leaves an infant one week old. Her remains were brought here, and interred yesterday in Ever Green Cemetery.

A Promising School.—Out of 35 schools in a school in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, 9 of the boys are regular tobacco chewers, and 5 of the girls are smokers.

A Texas paper says that, in its vicinity, little fellows ten and twelve years of age carry bowie-knives. When babies get to cutting each other's thumbs, it would soon be high time for grown people to join the peace society.

An Unweariable Distinction.—It is stated, on what appears to be no doubt authority, that the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, contains more gregeries than any other city in the United States, except New York.

A Thriving Town.

The Leavenworth (Kansas) Ledger says of it at place:

"Here you will find graded streets and sidewalks paved with two inch cotton wood plank; here you will find from six to ten thousand people—not including dogs, of which staple there are large quantities. Here you will find free negroes and free men, and free women and free babies, live Yankees with onions and wooden nutmegs in their pockets, full-blooded Virginians of the fastest families of Virginia, big raw boned Kentuckians, from within six miles of Lexington, Ky., live Yorkers—all the way from big York State, boy-legged Dutchmen and lop-eared Irish. Humanity may be found here in any form. Everything may be found here in the same profusion."

Slender Death of a Clergyman.—The Rev. Mr. Dowell, a native of Massachusetts, was found dead in his buggy on the road, about four miles from Rockingham, N. C., on the night of the 4th inst. He was subject to fits.

Gettysburg Female Seminary.—The summer session of this institution will commence on the second Monday of April (April 12th).

For further particulars, inquire at the residence of the Rev. D. EYSTER.

March 22. 31

Row in the New York Assembly.

ALBANY, March 18.—In the Assembly after the morning session to day, high words ensued between Messrs. Duaneey and Chatfield, when the latter seized the former by the throat and held him till he became black in the face. The bystanders prevented further blows, but they were parted with much difficulty.

Death of a Clergyman.—The Rev. Mr. Dowell, a native of Massachusetts, was found dead in his buggy on the road, about four miles from Rockingham, N. C., on the night of the 4th inst. He was subject to fits.

GEORGE ARNOLD.—James Stahley, who is in possession of the property, will show it.

Jan. 25, 1858. 6

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Journals, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will sign and affix their names to this notice, against the prisoners that are or shall then be in the jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff.

March 8, 1858. 6

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Journals, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will sign and affix their names to this notice, against the prisoners that are or shall then be in the jail of the said County of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

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March 8, 1858. 6

NOTICE IS

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Professional Corps.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

WILL promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care.
Office in the Diamond, adjoining store of Boyer & Son, Gettysburg, Feb. 4.

14

W. M. B. MCLELLAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office. Dec. 23.

14

D. M' CONAUGHEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back Pay, Suspending

Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American

claims in England. Land Warrants located

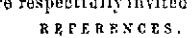
and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating

Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter, Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.



HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg street, opposite F. Pickering's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D. Prof. Muhlenberg, Prof. M. Jacobs, Dr. H. S. Huber, April 18.

CHEAP CLOTHING.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO. have now on hand, at their Clothing Emporium, a large stock of Ready-made Clothing, all of their own getting up, made out of their own cloths, and warranted to be made in the most best manner and style; among which are Dress Cloths of every variety, Overcoats, Vests, Monkey JACKETS, &c.; also Black, Blue, Olive, Brown, Claret, Drab and Green Cloths, for Over-coats, with trimmings to suit, sold cheap; also, cheap Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jests, Cords and men's wear generally. We have just received the Fall Fashions, and have them constantly employed cutting out and making up, and if we cannot please you in garment ready made, we will take your measure and make you a suit on short notice.—Call and see us. The above Goods will be sold cheap for CASH. [Oct. 19.]

Great Rush to Jacobs & Brother,

NEAR the Post-Office, to see the stocks of Cloths, Cassinieres, Vestings, &c., which they have just received from the City, as well as the first class lot of Ready-made Clothing now on hand.—Over Cloths, Dress, Frusk and Sack Coats, Pants and Vests.

Don't forget that for anything in the man's line of wear, you can never go amiss by calling at JACOB'S. If you want a fine Coat, or Pants, or Vest, rely upon it you cannot be better accommodated anywhere either as to quality, make, or price. So with middle, or low-priced Goods. They offer a varied stock, and defy competition. They will sell Ready-made Clothing, all of their own making-up, at prices as low as City clothing, which are so apt to rip and give way. They are PRATICAIL TAILORS themselves, and hence turn out nothing but what they know to be well gotten up. Give them a call—look at their Stock—and if you are not pleased there is no harm done. No trouble to show goods.

The Latest New York and Philadelphia Fashions received. [Oct. 9.]

HARDWARE STORE.

Banner & Ziegler

RESPETFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have constantly on hand at their Store in Baltimore street, and are regularly receiving, every variety of Hardware, Iron, Steel, Cutlery, Springs, Axes, Coach Trimmings, Saddlery, CEDAR WARE, SUON FINDINGS, OILS, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, GROCERIES, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coachmakers, Saddlers, Carpenters, Cabinet makers, Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, and the public generally. Their stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, they guarantee (for the ready money) to dispose of any part of it on reasonable terms as they can be purchased anywhere.

Feb. 16.

ATTENTION, ONE AND ALL!

NOW IS THIS TIME'S

To Have Your Picture Taken.

SAMUEL WEAVER having provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKYLIGHT DAGUERREAN ROOM at his residence in West Main street, opposite Prof. Jacobs, one square West of Baltimore street, is now prepared to furnish

Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes.

In every style of art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction. His long experience and superior apparatus give him advantages seldom furnished by Daguerreotype establishments out of the city. He has a large number of specimens at his Gallery, in Chambersburg street, which the public are requested to call and examine.

Charges from 50 cts. to \$10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

Children will not be taken for less than \$1.00.

AMBROTYPEs taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

July 13.

TAILORING.

Removed a few doors South of the old Stone

J. H. SKELLY respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally, that he continues the TAILORING BUSINESS, at his new stand, in South Baltimore street, where he will be happy to accommodate all who may patronize him. All work entrusted to his care warranted to fit and be of most substantial make. Thankful for past favors & solicits a continuance of public patronage.

The New York Spring and Summer FASHIONS are received. Call and see them April 16.

COKEAN & PAXTON

HAVE just returned from the City, with the new opening, the largest stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES ever opened in Gettysburg, and are selling at low prices.

[Oct. 19.]

FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1857.

J. L. SCHICK would avail himself of this medium, of announcing to the community and public in general, that he has received from the cities the largest and most complete stock of

DRY GOODS,

that it has ever been your pleasure to examine in this place, all of which has been selected with time, the utmost care, and with particular reference to the tastes and wants of the people of this locality, and which for beauty of style and cheapness, he challenges competition. In the

LADIES' DEPARTMENT,

he has all styles, qualities, shades, and prices of goods, suitable for the season. He invites the ladies to call and take a look through his selections at their earliest convenience.

FOR THE GENTLEMEN,

he has a choice stock of Cloth, Cassinieres, Vestings, &c., &c., all good and cheap. Don't pass by Schick's—he will always be found ready to show Goods and sell cheap, among the very cheapest.

Oct. 26.

COKEAN & PAXTON

HAVE just returned from the City, with the new opening, the largest stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES ever opened in Gettysburg, and are selling at low prices.

[Oct. 19.]

COKEAN & PAXTON

HOME-MADE SHOES,

ALWAYS on hand, and made to order, by the best of workmen at COKEAN & PAXTON'S Cheap Hat, Cap, Bonnet and Shoe store.

[More]

GAS BURNERS.

A NEW and excellent style of Coal Stoves, for Parlor or Chamber use. It is especially intended for chambers as it consumes the gas, and thus removes one of the objections to the use of coal. A scuttle of coal will burn for 48 hours without regulating. Call and see it.

SCOTT'S.

EMONS, good and fresh, for sale at the cheap store of BOYER & SON.

CRANBERRIES, Raisins, Fruits, Fancy Articles, &c., at SCOTT'S.

POWDER, Shot, B. Lead, & Perennion Caps, for sale at SCOTT'S.

MONDS, Fibbers, Brazil Nuts, English Nuts, and Pen Nuts, constantly on hand and will be sold cheap by BOYER & SON.

SUGAR, Coffee and Molasses, just received by Gillespie & Thomas.

A SPLENDID lot of Buffalo Ropes, Buffalo Gun, and Calfskin Over-shoes, selling very cheap at SAMSON'S.

COKEAN & PAXTON have a large stock of Gun Shoes and Buffalo Socks, of the best quality, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

WALKING CANES, for gentlemen, of various kinds just received by BRINGMAN & AUGUSTINBAUGH.

SAPONIFER or Concentrated Lye for making Soap to be had at FAINESTOCK BROTHERS.

CELERY,

ONE of the finest quality, fresh from the City kept constantly for sale at SCOTT'S.

A SUPERIOR article of Black Lead for blackening Stoves, for sale at SLEADS & BUEHLER.

COFFEE, Chocolate, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Ginger, Cinnamon, Mustard, Ground Alum Salt, Starch, Salvarsan, Baking Soda, Washing Soda, Epsom Salts, Alum, Copperas, Madder, Rosin, Soft and Hard Soap, Castle, Toilet, and Rosin do, Ink, Silver sand, &c., all of the best quality, constantly kept on hand at SCOTT'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, of every variety, and to suit every taste, to be had cheap at SCHICK'S.

COKEAN & PAXTON have all kinds of Silk, Fur, Felt and Wool BLATS for men, boys and children.

REF'D DRY.

A fine assortment of UMBRELLAS just received and for sale cheap at BRINGMAN & AUGUSTINBAUGH'S.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES of all kinds, qualities, sizes and shapes, for men, boys, youths and children, at

Oct. 19. COKEAN & PAXTON'S.

COMFORTS.—Ladies' will do better by calling and examining the splendid assortment of Worsted and Seamed Scarfs at the Cheap Corner of H. S. & E. H. MINNIGL.

JUST RECEIVED.—A large lot of Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings and Shirtings, all of which will be at reduced prices.

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGL.

EWELRY & STATIONERY—any article in the best stock ever brought to this place. If you don't call it in and see SCHICK'S.

A FACT—MONEY SAVED BY buying

AT your Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes at BRINGMAN & AUGUSTINBAUGH'S.

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